CHARACTERISTICS

GRANOLA shows high resistances against rhizoctonia, common scab and mechanical damages.

Solana

Plant

Maturity	Medium early	
Plant type	Intermediate	
Growth habit	Upright	
Colour of flower	Red-violet	
Foliage development	Slow	
Number of tubers	High	
Dormancy	High, Very high	

Yield and quality

Market segment	Table, Direct marketing	
Yield	High	
Share oversize	Low, Medium	
Share undersize	Low, Medium	
Cooking type	B (fairly firm)	
Discolouration (cooked) Low		
Discolouration (raw)	Low, Medium	
Dry matter content	Medium	

Tuber characteristics

Tuber shape	Round-oval	
Flesh colour	Yellow	
Eye depth	Shallow, Medium	
Skin colour	Yellow	
Skin appearance	Rough	

Resistances

Nematodes	Ro 1, Ro 4	
Potato wart disease	-	
Leaf blight	High	
Tuber blight	High	
Rhizoctonia	High	
Black leg	High	
Common scab	High	
Internal rust spot	Medium	
Second growth	High	
Silver scurf	Medium, High	
Mechanical damages	High	
Bruising	Medium	
PVY	Medium, High	
PVY ^{NTN}	Very high	

Granola



medium early table potato very robust



GROWING ADVICE WAREPOTATOES

GRANOLA is a medium early table variety with cooking type B. It is very robust and suitable for all potato growing regions. It is also well suitable for long-term storage.

Location

· Granola can be grown on all potato grounds

Preparation of seed and planting

- prewarm the seed tubers before planting → plant with small white sprouts
- seed treatment against rhizoctonia is advisable

	75 cm	90 cm	plants/ha
28/35	20 - 22 cm	17 - 18 cm	62.000 - 66.000
35/55	30 - 32 cm	25 - 26 cm	42.000 - 45.000
55/60	36 - 38 cm	30 - 32 cm	35.000 - 37.000

recommended planting densities for max. yield of 40/60 mm grading

- the lighter the soil, the wider the planting distance
- without irrigation or when the location is at risk of droughts, plant a little bit wider
- · always count tubers for optimal planting density

The above information has been prepared to the best of our knowledge and belief, but since potatoes are natural products, we cannot accept any liability for this information. They only serve as an orientation for decision making. For advice adapted to your region and for general questions about growing, please contact the growing consultant in your region. You can find the contact details at www.solana.de.

Crop management

	quantity*	1 st application	2 nd application
N	100 %	100 %	-
P ₂ O ₅	100 %	100 %	-
K ₂ O	100 %	100 %	-

^{*} in comparison to other table varieties

- · N as ammonia fertiliser
- a part of the potassium can be given as KCl before planting
- if KCl is used, MgO should be added for fertilisation
- slightly sensitive to metribuzin post-emergence
- spray against phytophtora in accordance with local warning services and especially after self-monitoring the crop

Harvest and storage

- · harvest gently after skinset
- · watch for mother tubers when harvesting
- blow the tubers dry before storage

